

Downtown Ukiah

CALIFORNIA

Heritage Walking Tour

1. 1929 Railroad Depot, Colonial Revival Style
2. The Sun House; 1911, Arts-Craftsman Style, National Register Listing, State Landmark
3. Carnegie Library, Prairie-School Style, 1914
4. Ukiah Civic Center, Mission-Revival style, originally built in 1922 as the town's grammar school
5. C. Hofman home, National Registry, Eastlake-style, 1889
6. Old City Hall, 1913-1987, corner of Church & School streets
7. Masonic Lodge, Classic-style with cut brick façade, 1924, corner Perkins and School streets
8. Ukiah Republican Press Building, Revival-Renaissance style, 1928, glazed terra cotta tiles.
9. Courthouse Annex, Beau-art style, 1928 with Indiana limestone added to original 1872 courthouse
10. 100 block of Standley Street; first commercially developed area during 1859-1883 era
11. Palace Hotel, National Registry, corner Smith and N. State streets, first built in 1891, a mixture of styles
12. Lamb's Inn, Four-square style, built in 1915 as a qualifying boarding house; now offices
13. Gillespie Building, a commercial block from 239-255 N. State Street, built after the 1890 fire
14. Oddfellows Lodge, Italianate style, 1882
15. White Building, 1906, the only structure in Ukiah that was significantly damaged by the 1906 earthquake; 111-115 N. State Street
16. The block was developed by the Mark's family, originally with 4 buildings. Laura Scudder (of potato chip fame) ran a cafe in this block called *Little Davenport*, 100 block of West Perkins
17. Mendocino County Public Library, the site of the first white settlers' cabin in Ukiah, 1850

